

Software Components Compatibility Verification Based on Static Byte-Code Analysis

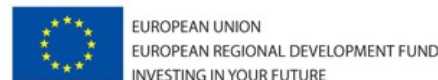
Kamil Jezek

NTIS – New Technologies for the Information Society
European Centre of Excellence
Faculty of Applied Sciences
University of West Bohemia
kjezek@ntis.zcu.cz

Lukas Holy, Antonin Slezacek, Premek Brada

Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Faculty of Applied Sciences
University of West Bohemia
{lholy,brada}@kiv.zcu.cz

Euromicro SEAA 2013



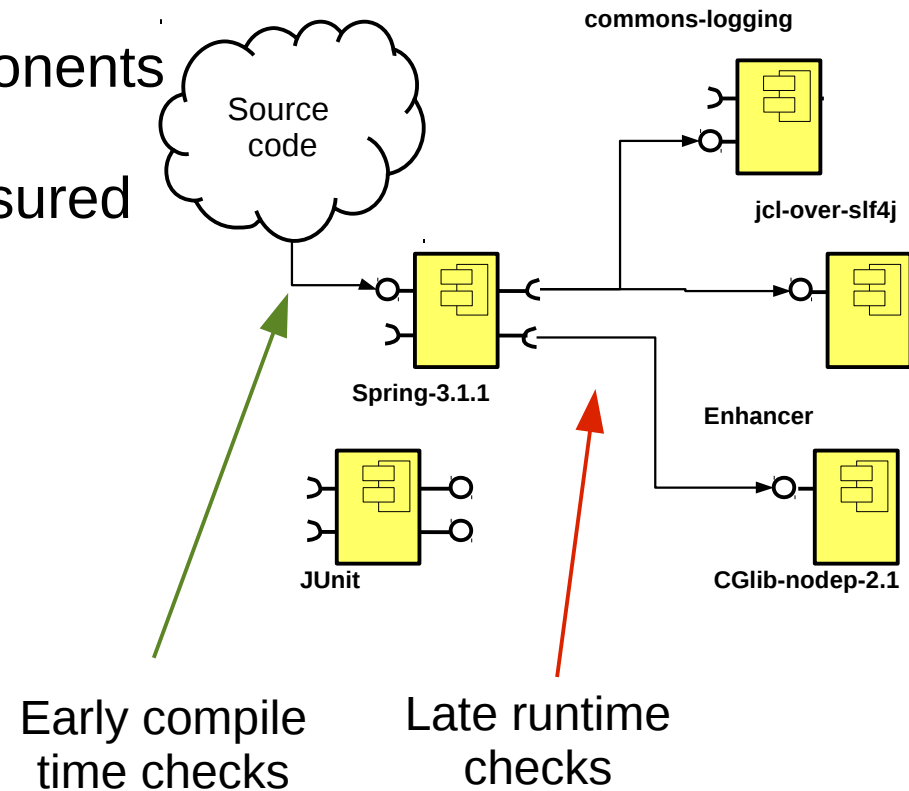
Agenda

- Compatibility problems of current component based applications
- Proposed solution: Dependencies reconstruction and evaluation
- Classification of incompatibilities that can be discovered
- Approach implementation
- Case-study
- Limitations

Problem

Applications from preexisting components may contain type incompatibilities

- Type compatibility traditionally ensured by compilation
- Preexisting components already compiled
- Compile time checks skipped
- Other means to ensure type compatibility required



Type errors manifested at runtime

- e.g. `LinkageError` in Java
 - `NoSuchMethodError`
 - `ClassNotFoundException`

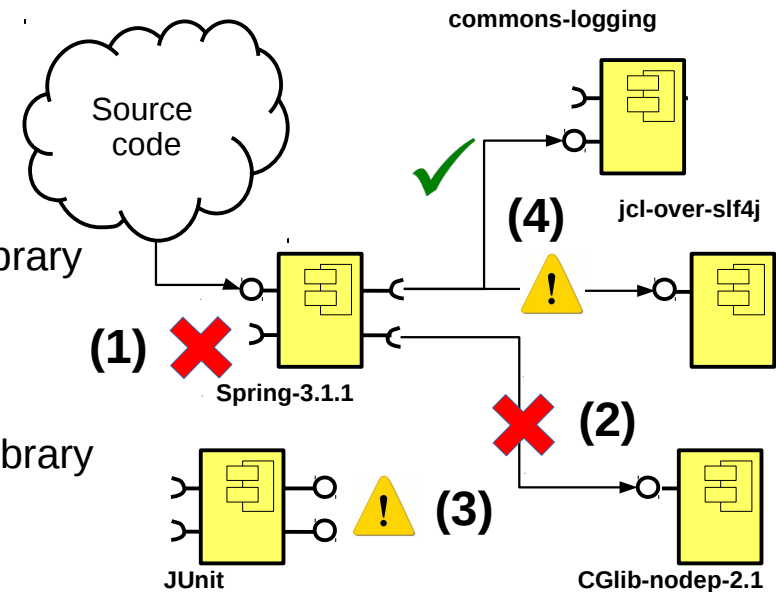
Proposed Solution

- Dependencies reconstruction from binaries
 - Byte-code in Java
- Dependencies' consistency evaluation
 - In terms of binary compatibility
- Compatibility decision
 - Prevents runtime errors
 - “as if compiled by compiler” but working with binary compatibility (differ in Java)

Created Java byte-code analyzer and verification tool

Incompatibilities Classification

- **Missing dependencies (1)**
 - Produce runtime exceptions (NoSuchMethodEx, ClassNotFoundException, ...)
 - e.g. missing libraries, forgotten transitively dependent library
- **Inconsistent dependencies (2)**
 - Produce runtime exceptions (LinkageError, ...)
 - e.g. incompatible method signatures caused by wrong library version
- **Redundant dependencies (3)**
 - No error, but increased application size
 - e.g. forgotten test libraries in production code (JUnit)
- **Duplicated dependencies (4)**
 - Application may misbehave (two libraries provide the same API, differ in function)
 - e.g. two different implementation of logging



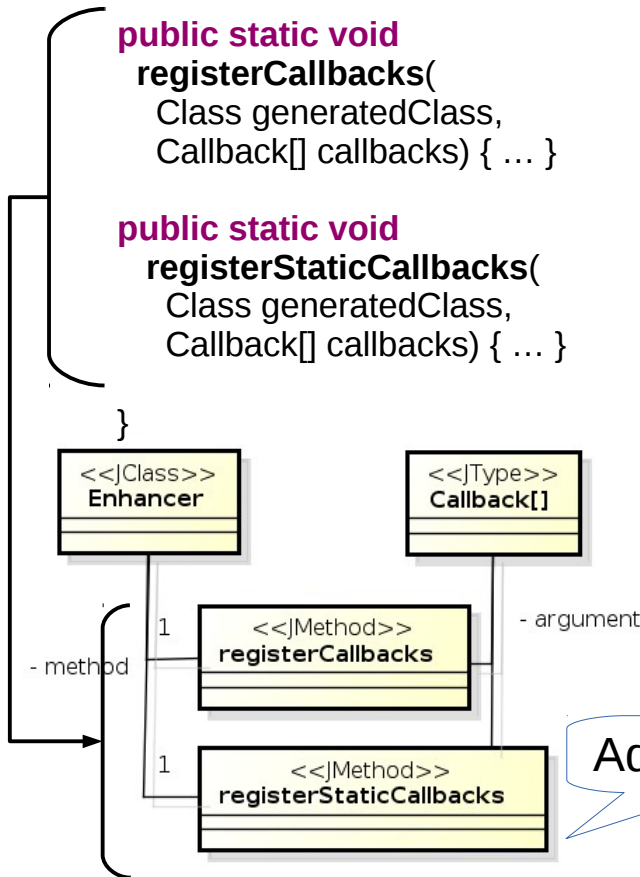
Dependency Reconstruction

Java byte-code analyser

Component API (e.g. CGlib)

```
public class Enhancer {
    public static void registerCallbacks(
        Class generatedClass,
        Callback[] callbacks) { ... }

    public static void registerStaticCallbacks(
        Class generatedClass,
        Callback[] callbacks) { ... }
}
```



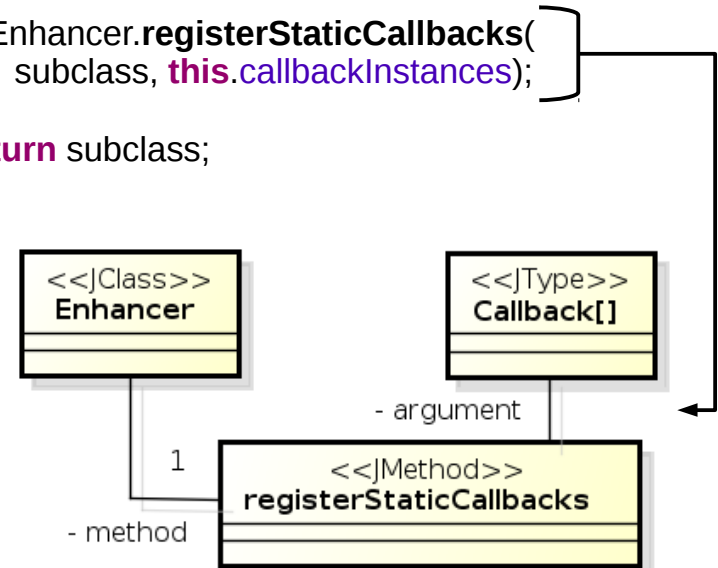
API invocation (e.g. Spring)

```
class ConfigurationClassEnhancer {
    private Class<?> createClass(
        Enhancer enhancer) {

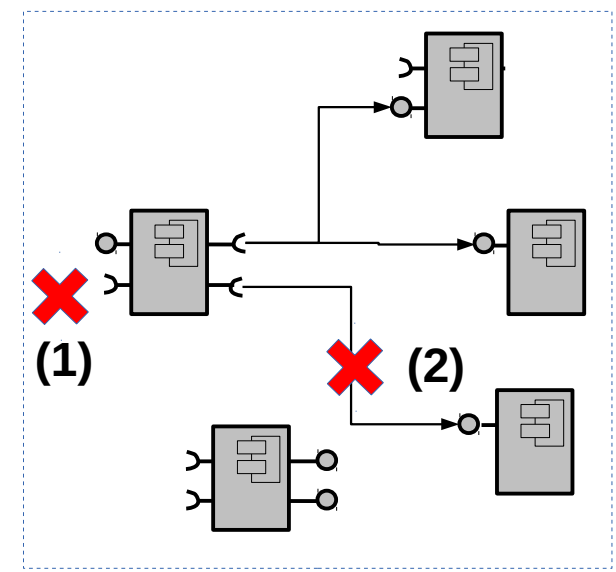
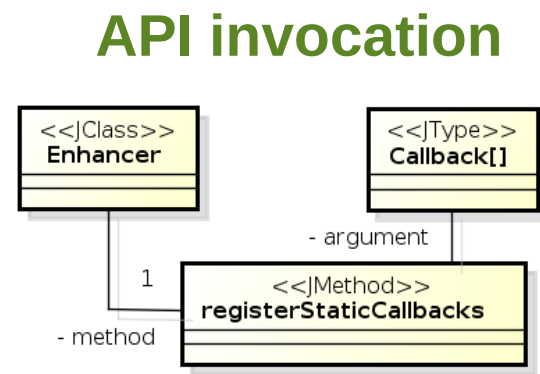
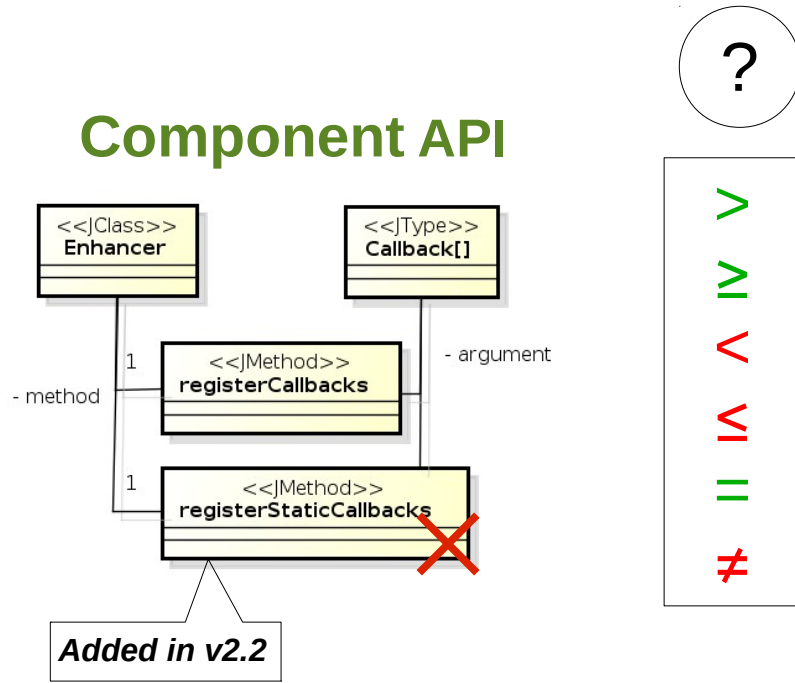
        Class<?> subclass =
            enhancer.createClass();

        Enhancer.registerStaticCallbacks(
            subclass, this.callbackInstances);

        return subclass;
    }
}
```



Dependency Evaluation

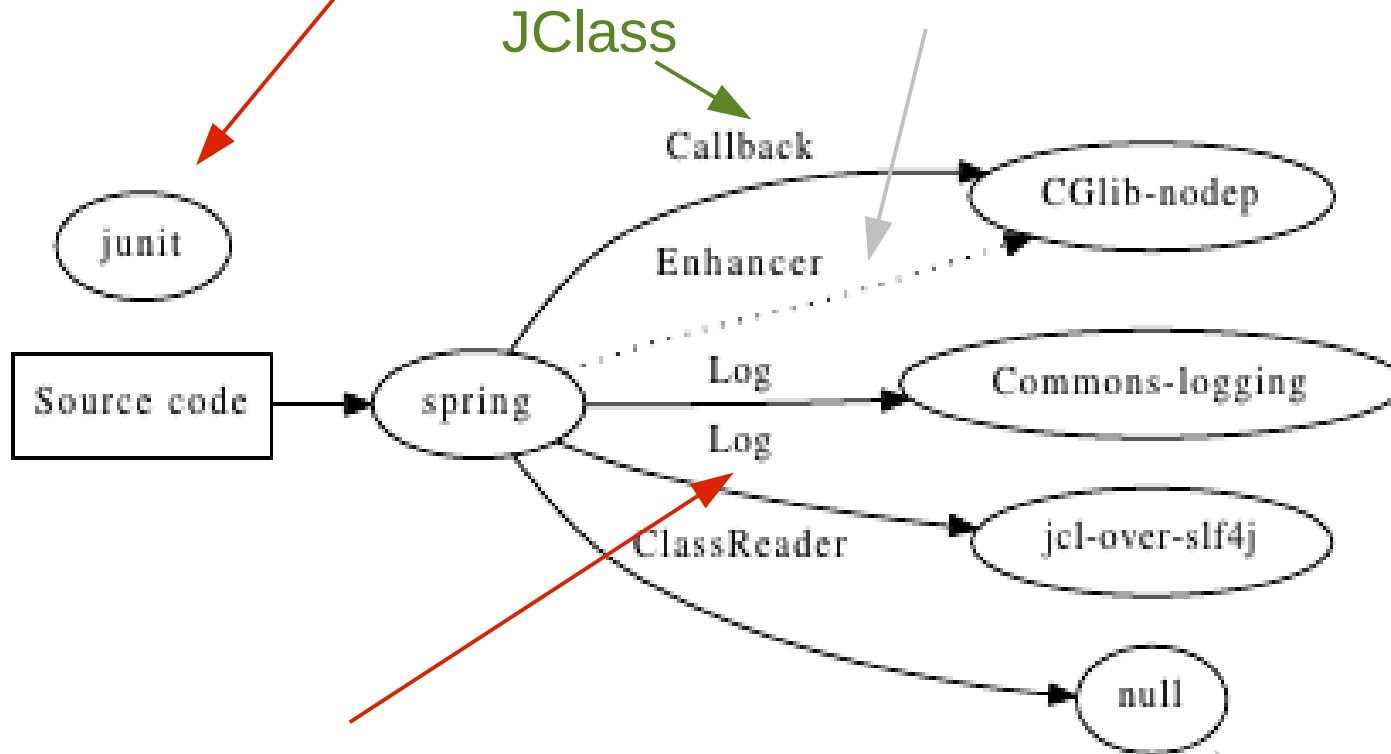


- Two models compared
 - Missing dependencies (1)
 - Inconsistent dependencies (2)
 - Redundant dependencies (3)
 - Duplicated dependencies (4)

Compatibility Decision

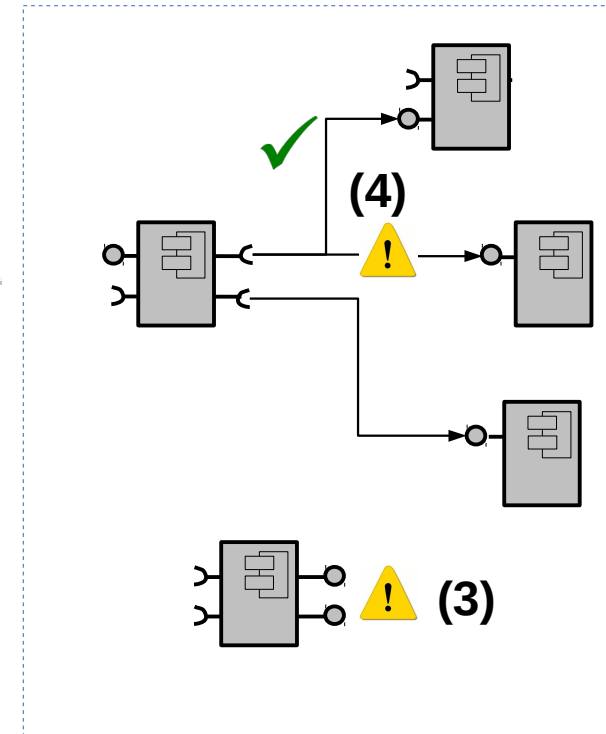
Redundant dependencies (3)

Inconsistent dependency (2)



Duplicated dependencies (4)

Missing dependency (1)



Case-study

- Analysed JEE application
 - Spring, OrientDB, FreeMarker, ... (50 libraries)
 - Build by maven
- Developed Maven plugin to run evaluation
 - Invoked on build (verify phase)
- Discovered problems:
 - Inconsistent dependency: wrong CGlib version (**v2.1** instead of v2.2)
 - Caused runtime exception
 - Duplicated dependency: logging: **jcl-over-slf4j and commons-logging**
 - Required two configuration files
 - Redundant dependency: **JUnit in production code**

Limitations

- Approach limited to static types in permanent byte-code
 - Analyses also API invocations in code that is never invoked (death code)
 - Byte-code generated at runtime, Java Reflection ignored
 - But common in current Java frameworks
- In Case-study
 - Migration to Tomcat 5.5
 - runtime JSTL definition loading not detected (**NoClassDefFoundError:javax/el/ValueExpression**)
 - Missing JSON parser
 - runtime classpath scanning not detected (**exception on AJAX request invocation**)

Conclusion

- Static incompatibilities not detected by compilers in current software
- Proposed byte-code analyser to fill this gap
- Implemented as Maven plugin
- Shown on JEE application
- Usable in development process
 - By Maven plugin

Thank you for your attention

Questions?

Find us:

Static compatibility tool (JaCC)

<https://www.assembla.com/spaces/jacc/>

Maven plugin (CCP3)

<https://www.assembla.com/spaces/ccp3/>

Contact us:

kjezek@ntis.zcu.cz, brada@kiv.zcu.cz, lholy@kiv.zcu.cz